

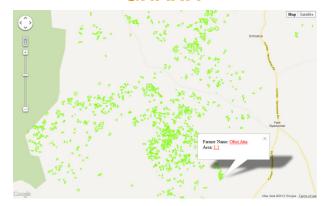
✓ British based company



✓ Collect, store, process, package, analyze information on smallholder farmers

✓ Offering geo-traceability and data collection solutions globally to public and private sectors

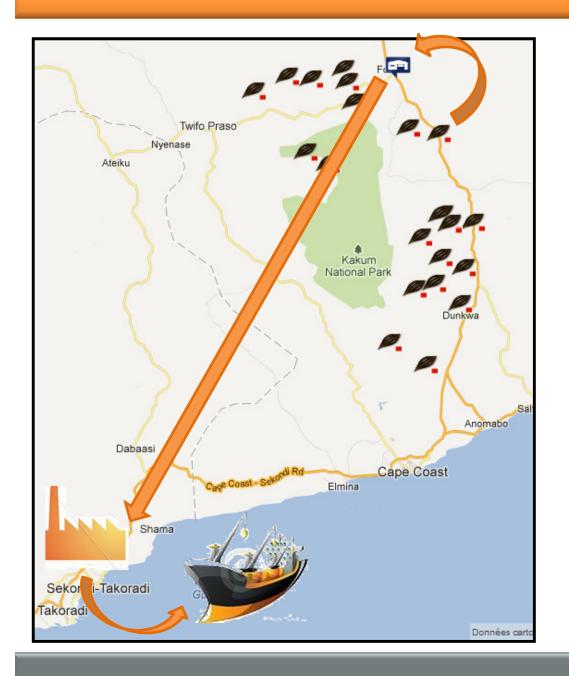
GHANA



INDONESIA



✓ Populate the largest web database worldwide on commodity farming



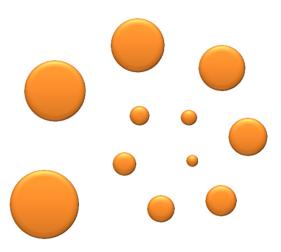
Why Traceability?

- It is part of the stock management system
- Need to link specific information to the commodity
- Need to provide information to markets and consumers

Some challenges:

- Small producers / quantities
- Middlemen
- Mixing beans
- Batch processing
- Mass & Balance certification
- Mainstream production

You're offering Traceability?



A question of credibility:

- Could you prove that your system is working trough the supply chain?
- Could it work in harsh conditions?
- Can you pass the test of an external audit?

EFFECTIVENESS

COST-EFFICIENCY

SCALABILITY

How do we address Traceability?

Do we only segregate:

Contaminants

Non certified

Non Bio

Genetically Modified Organism

No Contaminants

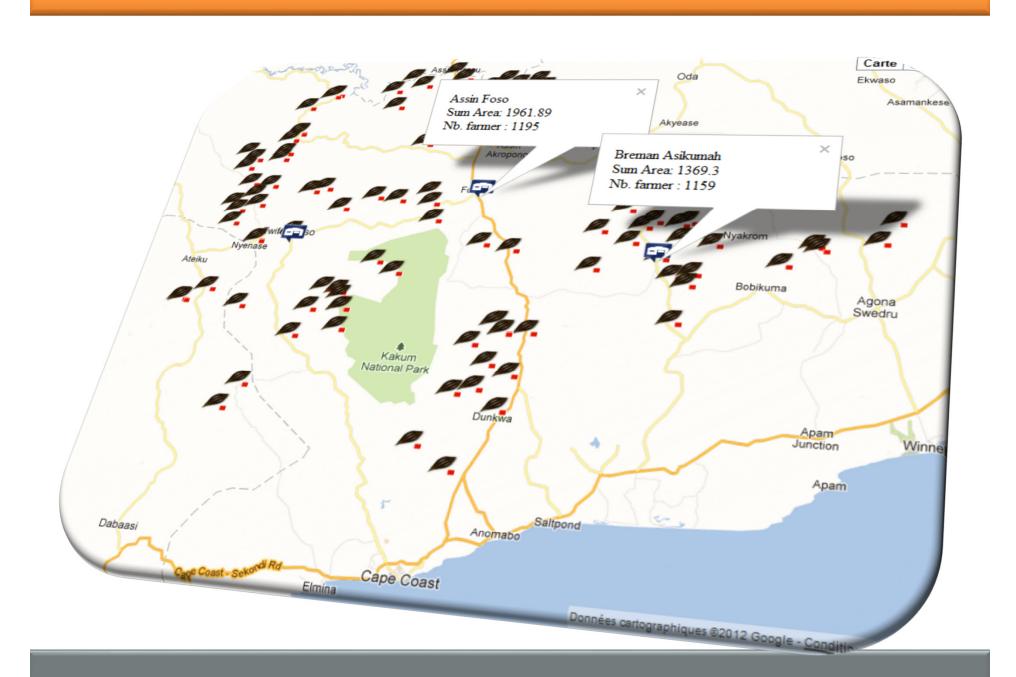
Certified

Bio

Non GMO

Do we use Traceability as an opportunity to:

- Know the farmers
- Understand the sector
- Support the sector
- Monitor and Evaluate Programs and initiatives

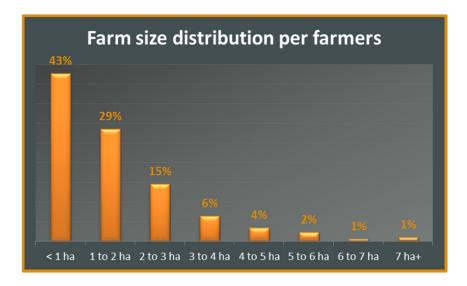


ASSIN FOSO

Average farm size	1.64
per farmer	1.04

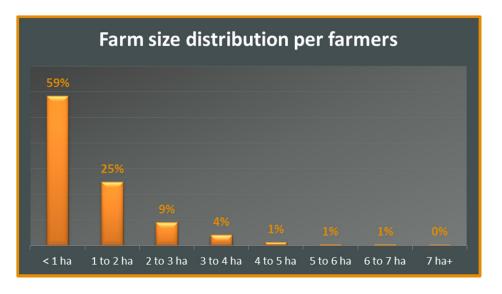
Average field size	0.90
--------------------	------

Average no. field	1.81
per farmer	

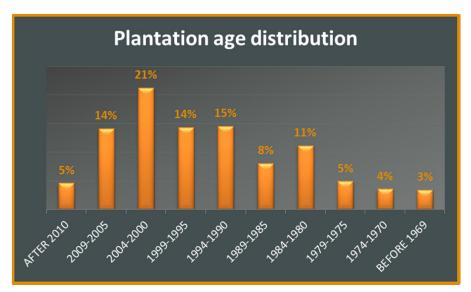


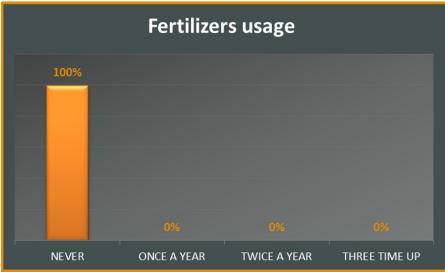
BREMAN ASIKUMA

Average no. field	1.65
per farmer	



ASSIN FOSO





BREMAN ASIKUMA

